

Information and Engineering Solutions

PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS

 2^{nd} REVISED VTTM 53072

January 12, 2005



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BACKGROUND

VTTM 53072, 2nd revised, is a proposed 33 lot residential development in the Santa Monica Mountains adjacent to the existing Mountaingate residential community. The 33 lots consist of 29 hillside residential lots and 4 open space lots. Minimum residential lot size is proposed to be 17,800± square feet, and the minimum building pad area is proposed to be 10,900± square feet.

The analysis was done using the most recent County of Los Angeles hydrology method, using a 50-year storm recurrence interval. The area studied consisted of the tributary area upstream of the proposed detention basin and the development of lot number 29. The storm drain system will consist of a single system in each private street (Canyonback Road and Stoney Hill Road) which will gather runoff from the developed areas and convey it to the canyon bottom via storm drain pipes. At the terminus of each of these lines, the pipes will be fitted with an energy dissipater to reduce the velocities to a non-erosive state. Downstream of the dissipaters a detention basin will be constructed to offset the increased storm flows due to the proposed development.

9.7 acres of area will be added to the Bundy Canyon watershed due to the development. This area is comprised of the building pads fronting the proposed extensions of Canyonback and Stoney Hill Roads. 3.5 acres of the 9.7 acres will come from the adjacent watershed of Mandeville Canyon and 6.2 acres of the 9.7 acres will come from the watershed of Sepulveda Canyon via the Mission Canyon & Landfill. The addition of the 9.7 acres to the Bundy Canyon watershed is considered insignificant since it represents an increase of less than 4% to the 300+ acre Bundy Canyon watershed upstream of development.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Peak pre-development $Q_{50} = 182$ cfs.

Peak post-development $Q_{50} = 226$ cfs.

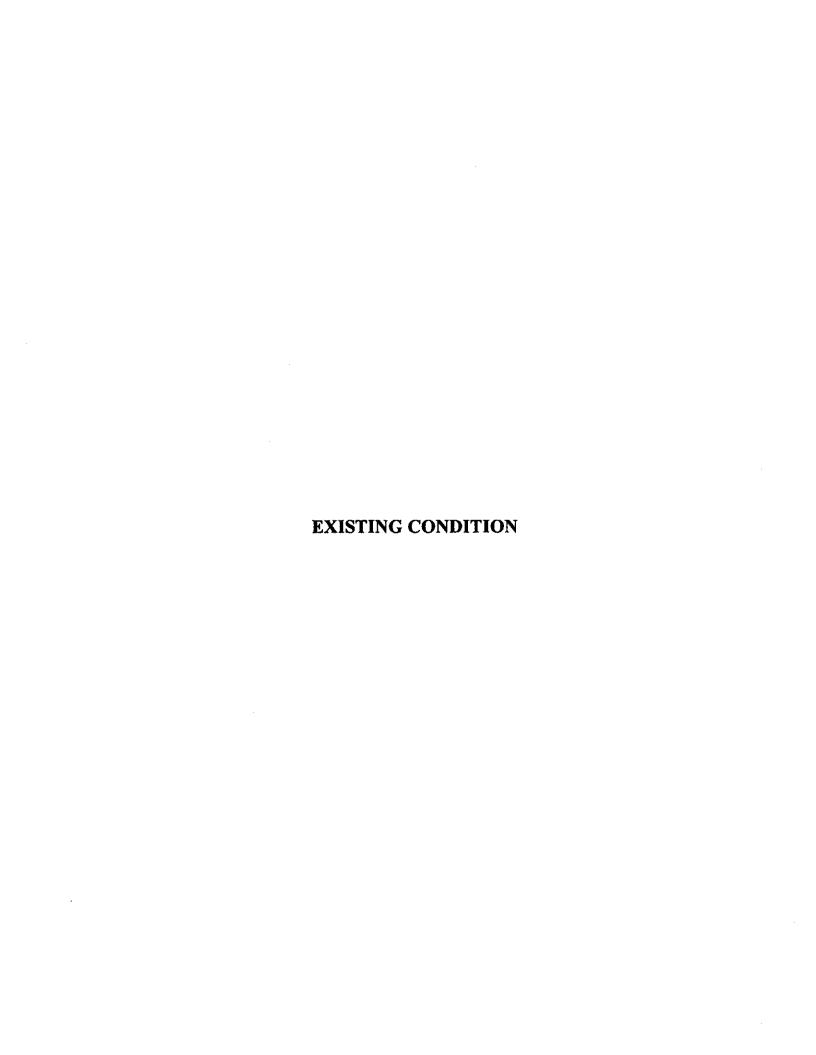
Increase in peak $Q_{50} = 44$ cfs.

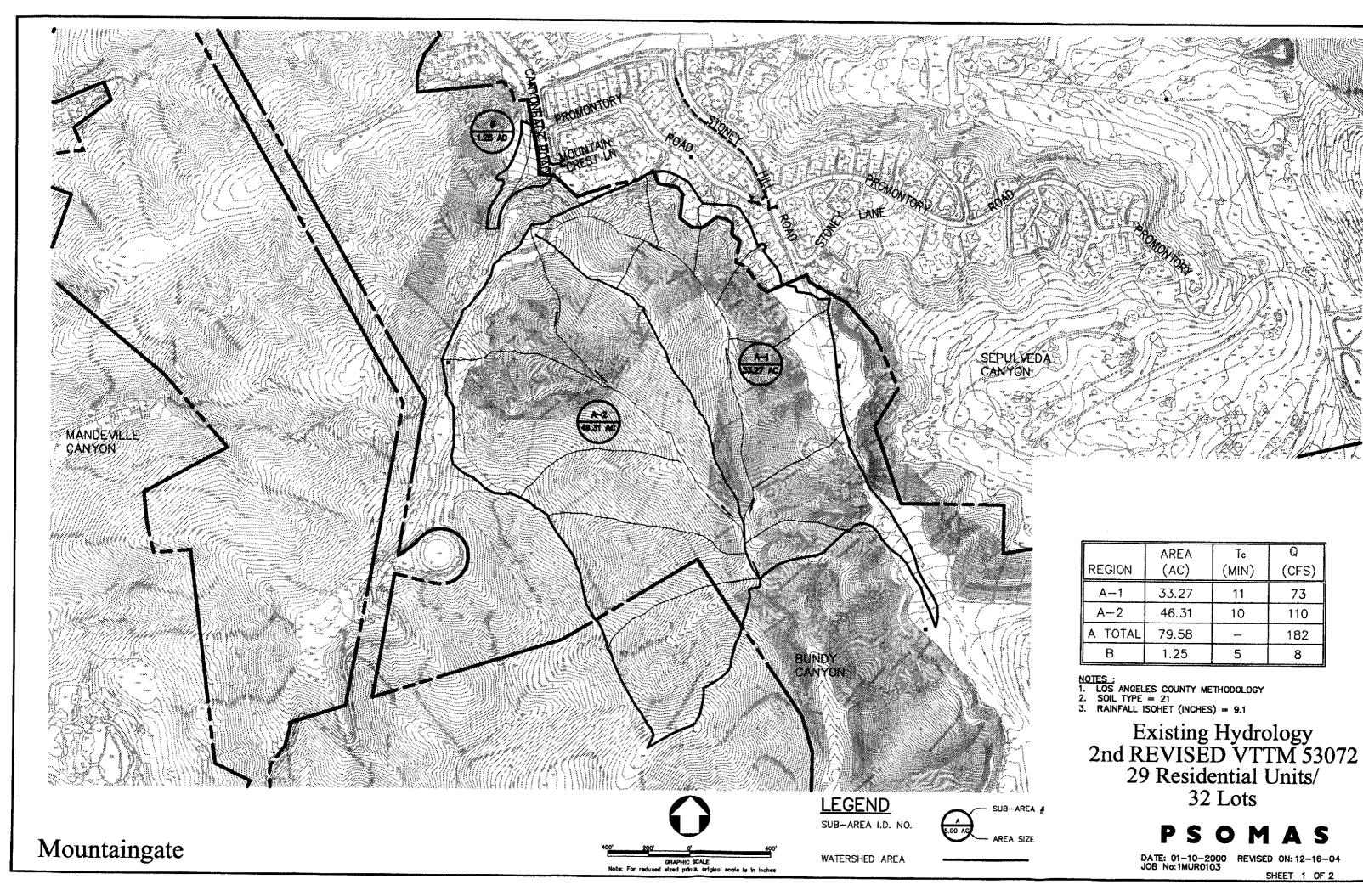
Required detention volume to offset increase in peak $Q_{50} = 0.313$ acre-foot.

Pre-development potential debris production = 8,256 CY.

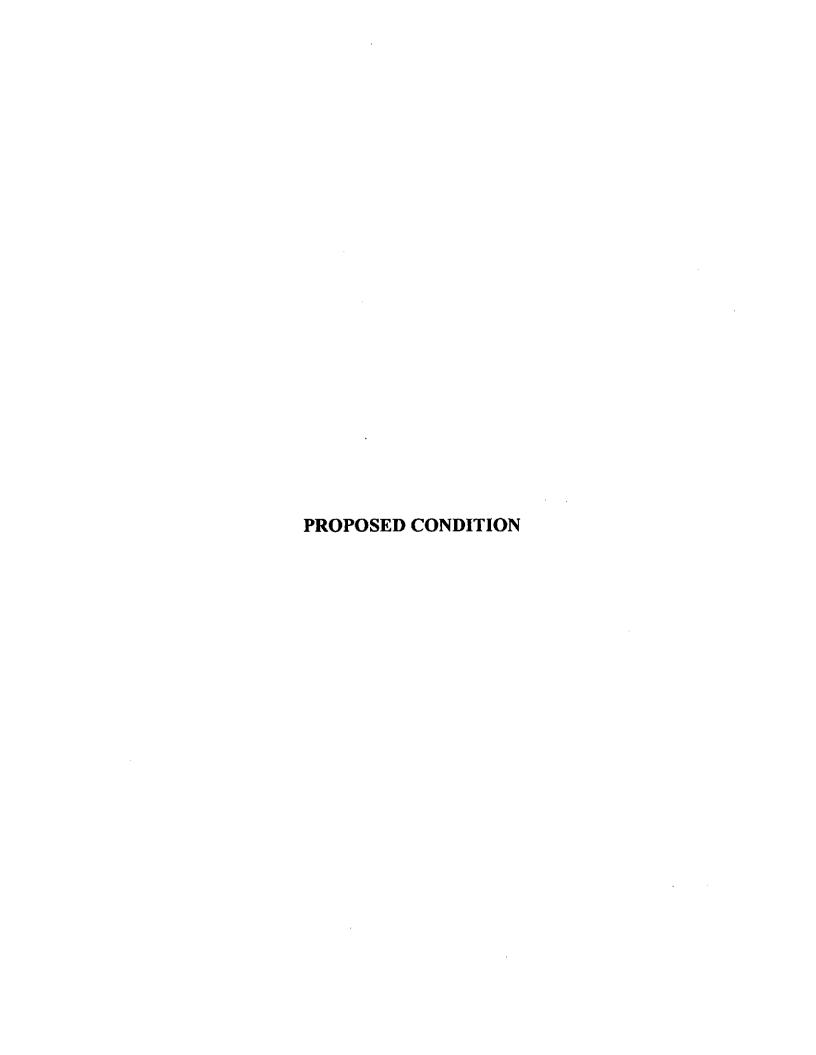
Post-development potential debris production = 7,234 CY.

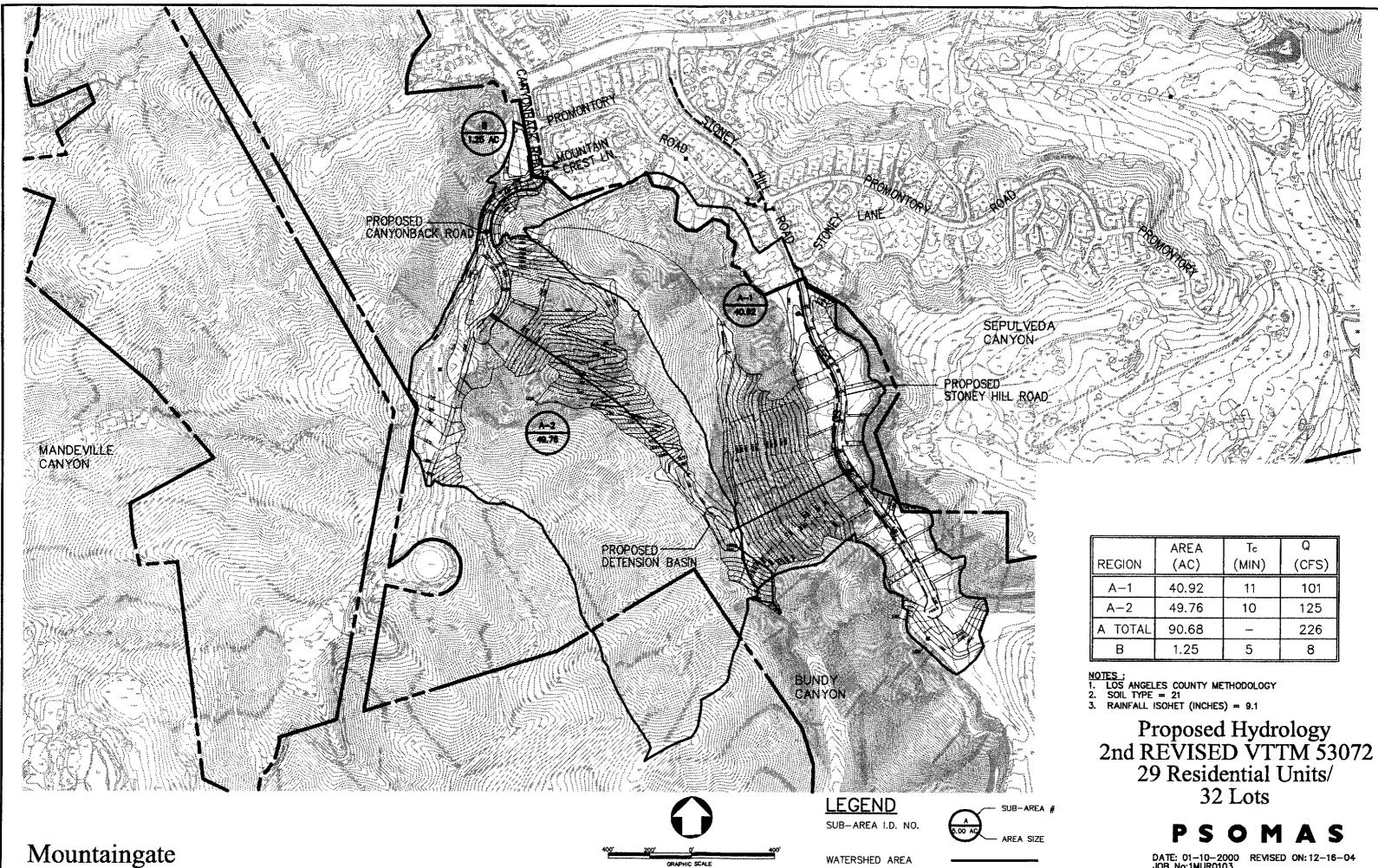
Decrease in debris production = 1,022 CY.





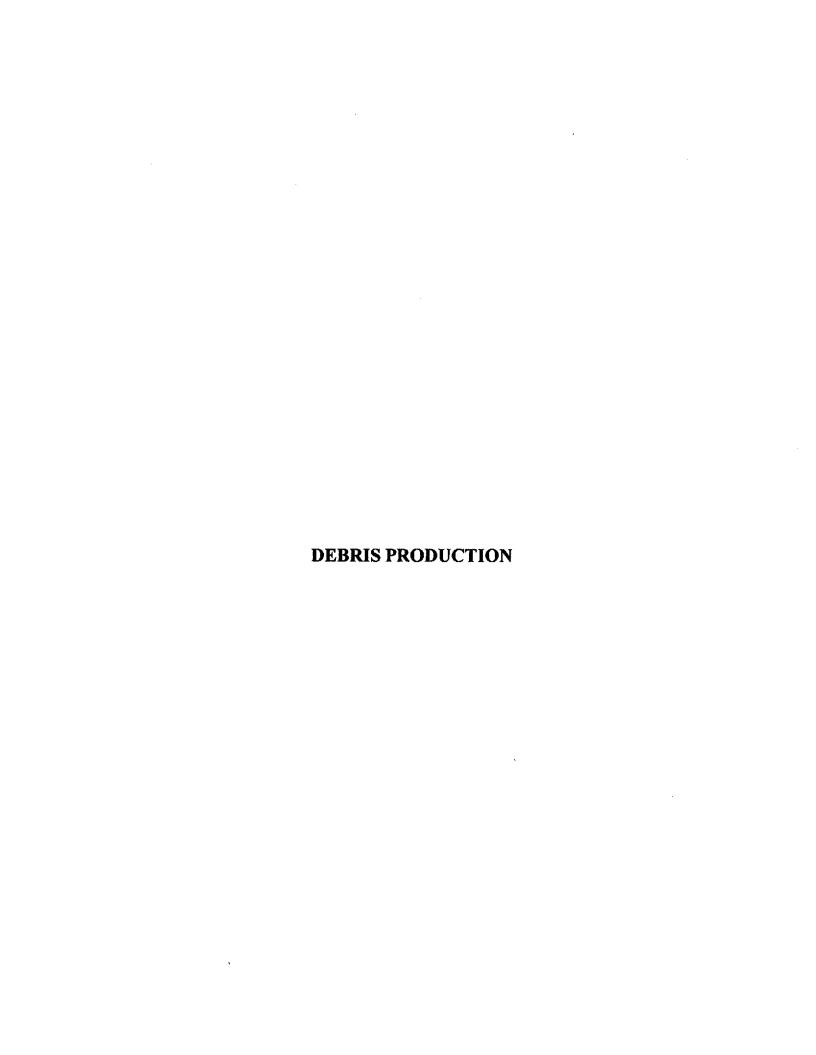
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GRAPHIC SCALE
Note: For reduced sized prints, original scale is in inches

DATE: 01-10-2000 JOB No:1MUR0103



DEBRIS PRODUCTION

The debris volume tributary to the existing Bundy Canyon debris basin will decrease by approximately 20% with the implementation of new debris catchment area(s) as a result of the development. The site is located in L.A. County debris production zone DPA 4. The entire watershed above the detention basins in the existing condition is 79.6 acres, of which 1.9 acres is residential development which will not produce any debris.

After development the watershed will be 90.7 acres, of which 26.4 acres will be non-debris producing residential development.

The debris production rate for this existing watershed is 68,000 CY per square mile.

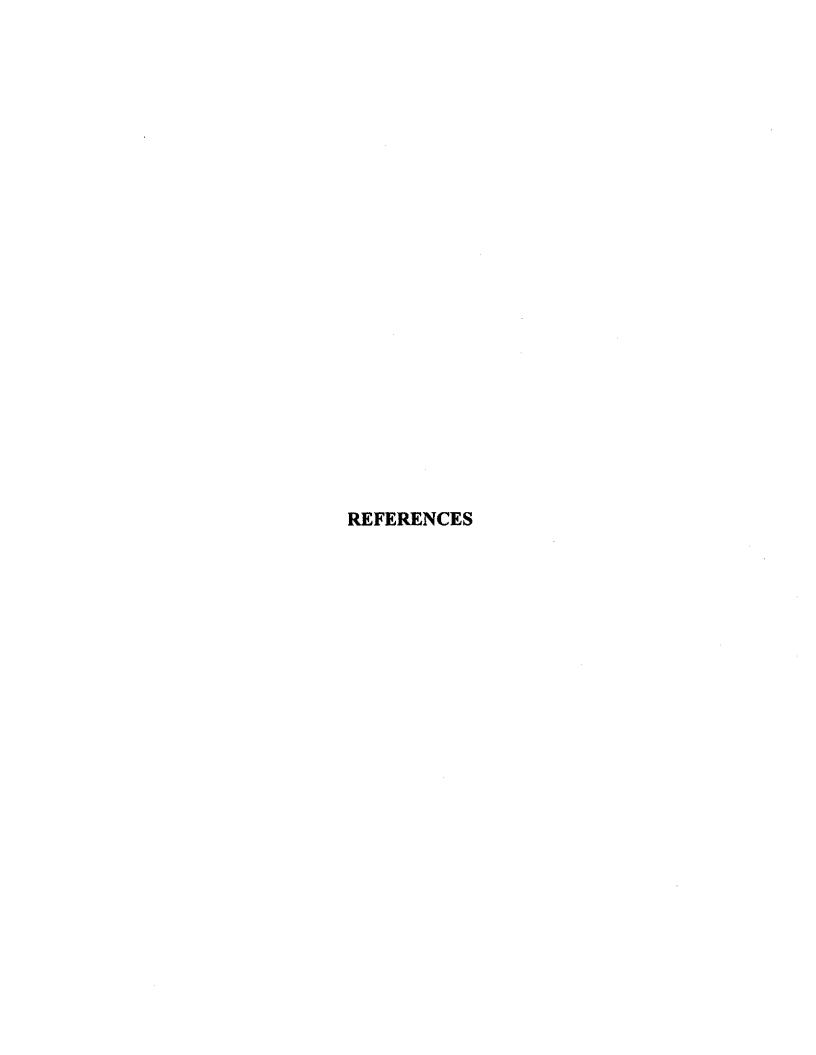
The debris production rate for this proposed watershed is 72,000 CY per square mile.

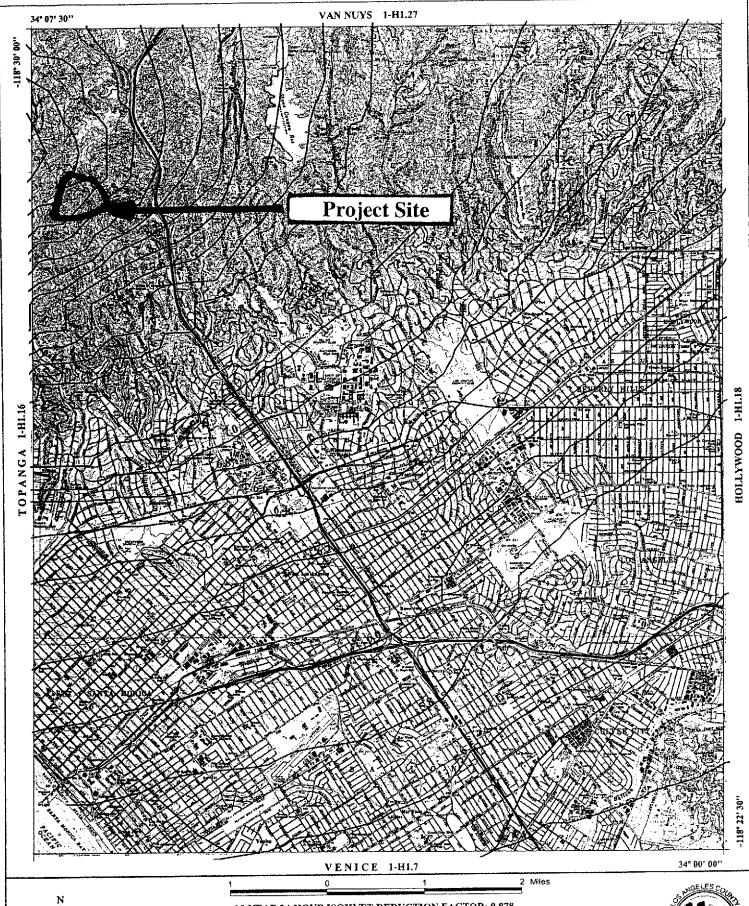
Under the existing condition the watershed has a potential debris production of:

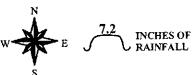
$$[(79.6 - 1.9) / 640] \times 68,000 = 8,256 \text{ CY}$$

After development, the watershed will have a potential debris production of:

$$[(90.7 - 1.9 - 24.5) / 640] \times 72,000 = 7,234 \text{ CY}$$



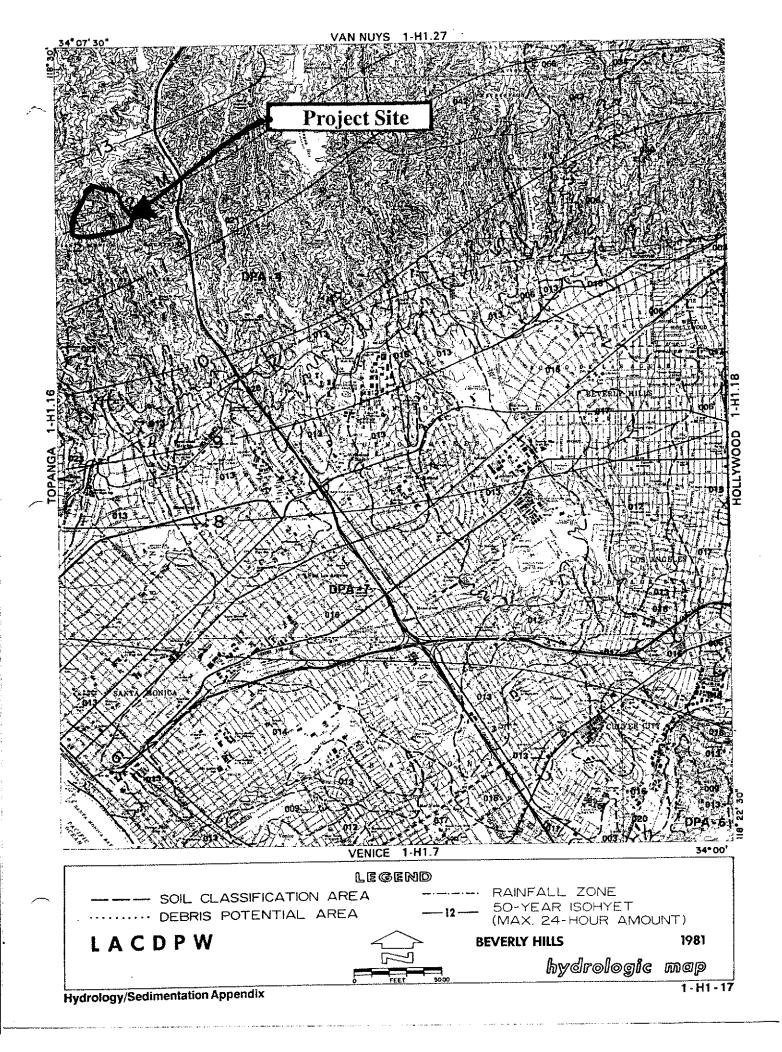


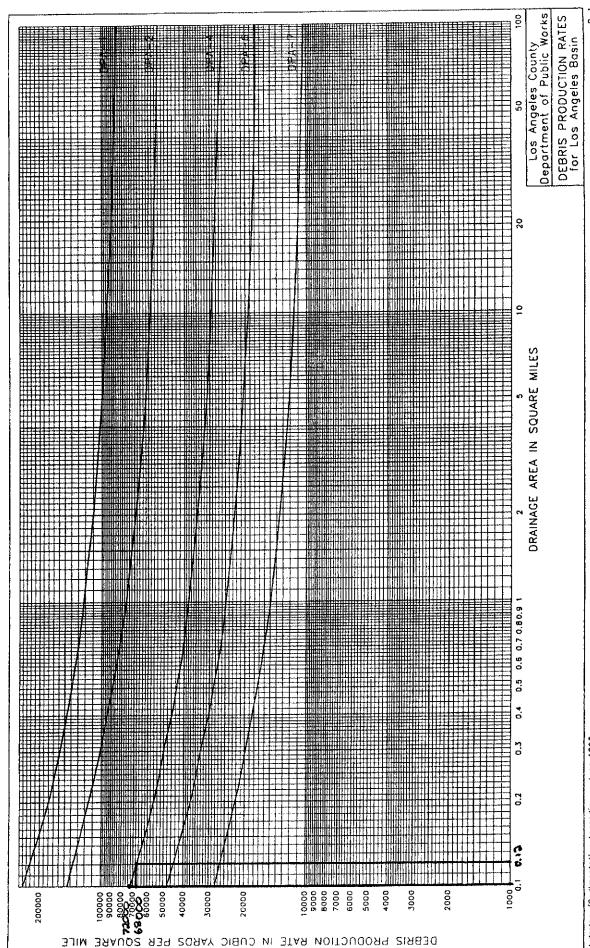


25-YEAR 24-HOUR ISOHYET REDUCTION FACTOR: 0.878 10-YEAR 24-HOUR ISOHYET REDUCTION FACTOR: 0.714

BEVERLY HILLS 50-YEAR 24-HOUR ISOHYET 1-H1.17







Hydrology/Sedimentation Appendix -- June 1993

